

## TRANSITION METALS (B)

1 Give the full electron configuration of the following atoms and ions.

a Cr atom 
$$1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^1 3d^5$$
 (1)

b 
$$Cr^{3+}$$
 ion  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^3$  (1)

- 2 The complex  $[Cu(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$  reacts irreversible with Na<sub>4</sub>EDTA.
  - **a** Write an equation for the reaction.

$$[Cu(H_2O)_6]^{2+} + EDTA^{4-} \rightarrow [Cu(EDTA)]^{2-} + 6H_2O$$

**b** Explain clearly why this reaction is irreversible.

for reverse reaction  $\Delta H$  is negligible as same number of similar bonds are broken and formed for reverse reaction  $\Delta S$  is very negative as go from 7 to 2 aqueous particles therefore  $\Delta G$  for reverse reaction is very positive

(5)

3 Complete the table about the following complex ions.

Complex	[Ni(NH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] <sup>3+</sup>	[CuCl <sub>4</sub> ] <sup>2-</sup>
Sketch of shape	$\begin{bmatrix} H_2N & NH_2 \\ H_2N & NH_2 \\ H_2N & NH_2 \end{bmatrix}$	CI CI 2-
Name of shape	octahedral	tetrahedral
Bond angles	90°	109.5°
Ligand	NH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	сг
Co-ordination number	6	4
Oxidation state of metal	+3	+2

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