

THE PERIODIC TABLE (D)

1 Complete this table about the properties of group 1 and group 7.

property	group 1	group 7
name of group	alkali metals	halogens
metals or non-metals	metals	non-metals
number of electrons in outer shell	1	7
charge on ions formed when they react	+1	-1
trend in melting & boiling points down group	decrease	increase
trend in reactivity down group	increase	decrease

- **2** Bromine is an element in Group 7.
 - a Give the formula of the element bromine. Br
 - **b** A solution of bromine dissolved in water was added drop by drop to a solution of potassium chloride. Explain why no reaction takes place.

bromine is less reactive than chlorine and so cannot displace chlorine

- **c** A solution of bromine dissolved in water was added drop by drop to a solution of potassium iodide. A reaction took place giving a brown solution.
 - i Explain why this reaction takes place.

bromine is more reactive than iodine and so can displace iodine

ii Write a word equation for this reaction.

bromine + potassium iodide → iodine + potassium bromide

d Explain the trend in reactivity down Group 7.

going down the group:

it becomes more difficult to lose an electron

as the atoms get bigger and so the electron gained is further away

so there is a weaker attraction between the nucleus and the electron gained

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