

STRUCTURE & BONDING (B)

1 Give the formula of the following ions.

aluminium Al^{3+} nitrate NO_3^- zinc(II) Zn^{2+}

2 Give the formula of the following ionic compounds.

calcium oxide CaO sodium bromide NaBr

aluminium sulfate Al₂(SO₄)₃ magnesium hydroxide Mg(OH)₂

- 3 Water is a molecular substance with the molecular formula H₂O.
 - a What type of bonds are there in water molecules? covalent
 - **b** Water boils at 100°C. Explain why water has a low boiling point.

weak forces between molecules that only need a small amount of energy to overcome

c Explain why pure water does not conduct electricity.

no charged particles that can move so cannot carry charge through the substance

d Explain what the molecular formula H₂O means.

2 H atoms and 1 O atom in each molecule

- 4 Sodium oxide is an ionic substance with the formula Na₂O.
 - a What type of bonds are there in sodium oxide? ionic
 - **b** Sodium oxide melts at 1132°C. Explain why sodium oxide has a high melting point.

strong attraction between positive and negative ions that takes a lot of energy to overcome

c Explain why sodium oxide conducts electricity when molten but not as a solid.

when molten, ions can move to carry charge through the substance but ions cannot move as solid

d Explain what the formula Na₂O means.

ratio of sodium ions : oxide ions = 2:1