

Magnesium nitrate decomposes when heated.

 $2Mg(NO_3)_2(s) \rightarrow 2MgO(s) + 4NO_2(g) + O_2(g)$

substance	Mg(NO ₃) ₂ (s)	MgO(s)	NO ₂ (g)	O ₂ (g)
$\Delta_{\rm f} {\rm H}^{\rm e}$ (kJ mol ⁻¹)	-790	-602	+33.9	
S^{e} (J mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹)	+65.7	+27.0	+240	+205

a Calculate the enthalpy change for this reaction.

 $\Delta H = [Sum \Delta_f H \text{ products}] - [Sum \Delta_f H \text{ reactants}]$

- = [2(-602) + 4(33.9)] [2(-790)]
- $= +512 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

b Calculate the entropy change for this reaction.

∆S = [Sum S products] – [Sum S reactants]

- = [2(27.0) + 4(240) + 205] [2(65.7)]
- = +1088 J mol⁻¹ K⁻¹
- c Is this reaction feasible at 298K? Explain your answer.

$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$$

= 512 - 298 $\left(\frac{1088}{1000}\right)$
= +188 kJ mol⁻¹ reaction is not feasible at 298 K as ΔG is positive

d Calculate the temperature at which the reaction becomes feasible.

when $\Delta G = 0$ $\Delta H - T\Delta S = 0$ $T = \frac{\Delta H}{\Delta S} = \frac{512}{\frac{1088}{1000}} = 471 \text{ K}$

e Explain why the feasibility changes with temperature.

reaction is feasible when $\Delta G \leq 0$ where $\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$ as ΔH is positive and ΔS is positive, at low temperature ΔG is positive as ΔH is greater than $T\Delta S$ at higher temperatures, ΔG is negative as $T\Delta S$ is greater than ΔH