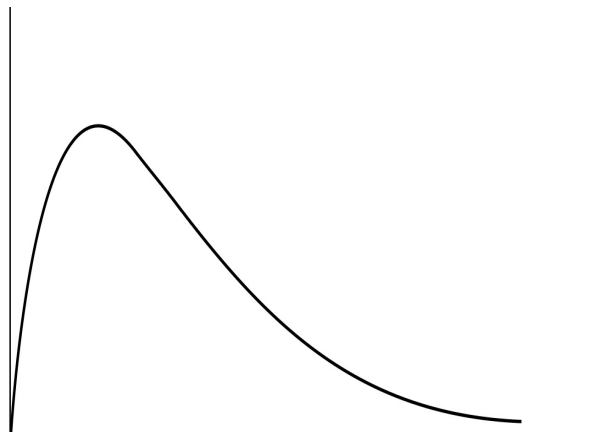




1 The Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution is shown for the particles in a gas at temperature  $T_1$

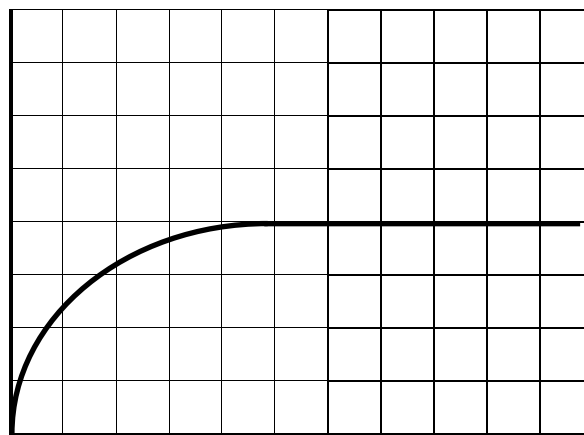
- a Label both axes.
- b Mark the most probable energy of the molecules at  $T_1$  (label this  $E_{mp1}$ )
- c Sketch another distribution to show the same sample at a lower temperature  $T_2$
- d Mark the most probable energy of the molecules at  $T_2$  (label this  $E_{mp2}$ )



2 Magnesium reacts with hydrochloric acid to form hydrogen gas. A graph is shown showing the volume of hydrogen varies with time when 25 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.500 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> reacts with an excess of magnesium at 20°C.

- a Sketch a line to show how the volume of hydrogen changes if a similar reaction was carried out but with 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.250 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> (label this **A**)
- b Sketch a line to show how the volume of hydrogen changes if a similar reaction was carried out but with 25 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.750 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> at 40°C (label this **B**)

Volume of H<sub>2</sub>



c Define the term *rate of reaction*. .....

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d Explain why rate of reaction increases with concentration. ....

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e Explain why rate of reaction increases with temperature. ....

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